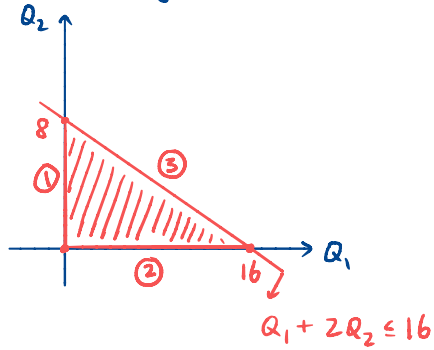


Ex. 2

Feasible region:



Critical points:

$$\nabla \pi(Q_1, Q_2) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 - \frac{2}{3}Q_1 \\ 4 - Q_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve $\nabla \pi = 0$:

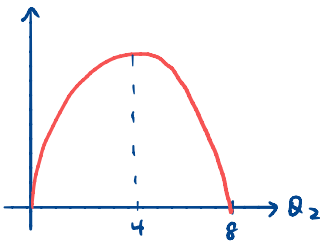
CPs: $(\frac{15}{2}, 4)$

$(\frac{15}{2}, 4)$ is in the feasible region. $\pi(\frac{15}{2}, 4) = 26.75$

Line segment ①: $Q_1 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(Q_1, Q_2) = \pi(0, Q_2) = 4Q_2 - \frac{1}{2}Q_2^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \pi(0, Q_2)}{\partial Q_2} = 4 - Q_2 \Rightarrow \text{parabola vertex at } Q_2 = 4$$

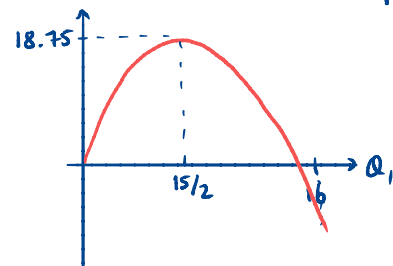


$\Rightarrow \pi(0, 4) = 8$ is the maximum value on line segment ①

Line segment ②: $Q_2 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \pi(Q_1, Q_2) = \pi(Q_1, 0) = 5Q_1 - \frac{1}{3}Q_1^2$$

$$\frac{\partial \pi(Q_1, 0)}{\partial Q_1} = 5 - \frac{2}{3}Q_1 \Rightarrow \text{parabola vertex at } Q_1 = \frac{15}{2}$$



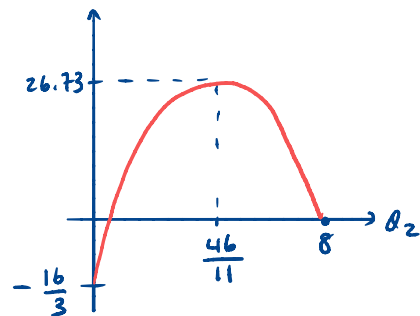
$\Rightarrow \pi(\frac{15}{2}, 0) = 18.75$ is the maximum value on line segment ②

Line segment ③: $Q_1 + 2Q_2 = 16$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \pi(Q_1, Q_2) &= \pi(16 - 2Q_2, Q_2) \\ &= 5(16 - 2Q_2) - \frac{1}{3}(16 - 2Q_2)^2 + 4Q_2 - \frac{1}{2}Q_2^2 \\ &= 80 - 10Q_2 - \frac{4}{3}(64 - 16Q_2 + Q_2^2) + 4Q_2 - \frac{1}{2}Q_2^2 \\ &= -\frac{16}{3} + \frac{46}{3}Q_2 - \frac{11}{6}Q_2^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial \pi(16 - 2Q_2, Q_2)}{\partial Q_2} = \frac{46}{3} - \frac{11}{3}Q_2 \Rightarrow \text{parabola vertex at } Q_2 = \frac{46}{11}$$

$$(16 - 2Q_2 = \frac{84}{11})$$



$\Rightarrow \pi(\frac{84}{11}, \frac{46}{11}) \approx 26.73$ is the maximum value on line segment ③

Ex. 2 cont.

$\Rightarrow \pi\left(\frac{15}{2}, 4\right) = 26.75$ is an absolute maximum.

\Rightarrow The company should manufacture $\frac{15}{2}$ units of product 1 and 4 units of product 2, for a profit of 26.75.